# FRESH WATER COMBINATION

# ECO SWIFT-E (EZ)

## TECHNICAL DATA FOR FRESH WATER STATION

- Max. operating temperature: 95°C
- Max. operating pressure primary circuit: 3 bar
- Max. operating pressure secondary circuit: 10 bar Mains frequency: 50...60 Hz
- k<sub>s</sub> value primary: 2.2
- k<sub>s</sub> value secondary: 2.3
- Weight: 14 kg

## MATERIAL

- Pipes: 1.4403 stainless steel
- Heat exchanger: 1.4403 SVGW stainless steel
- Heat exchanger solder: copper 99.9%
- Valves: brass or plastic with drinking water appro-

■ Primary side: Wilo Yonos Para 15/7.5 PWM

■ Circulation: Wilo Yonos Para Z 15/7.0 RKC

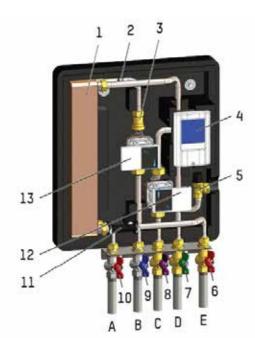
## **ELECTRICAL CONNECTION** INFORMATION

- Mains voltage: 230 VAC + 10%
- Safety valve, installed for device protection: 10 bar Power consumption: max. 100W
  - Internal fuse: 2A slow-blow 250V
  - Protection type: IP40
  - Protection class: II

## THROUGHPUT MEDIA

- Hot water (VDI 2035: SIA Guidelines 384/1; Austrian standard ÖNORM H 5195-1)
- Cold water



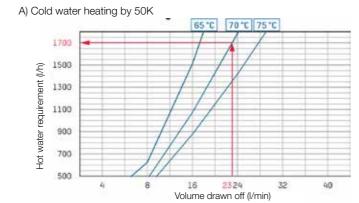


- Plate heat exchanger
- Automatic venting
- Check valve in primary circuit
- Controller Safety valve in secondary circuit
- Secondary hot water ball valve
- Primary return ball valve
- 10 Primary supply ball valve
- 12 Circulation pump (optional)
- 13 Primary pump

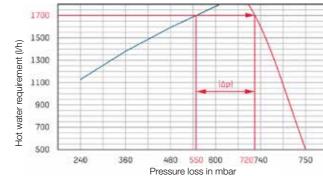
- Primary heating supply
- Primary heating return
- Circulation connection (optional)
- Secondary cold water connection
- Secondary hot water connection
- Secondary cold water ball valve Circulation ball valve (optional)
- 11 Volume flow and temperature sensors

# PERFORMANCE TABLES ECO SWIFT-E (EZ)

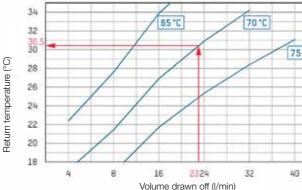
Throughput and pressure loss diagrams Cold water heating by 50K (10...60°C)



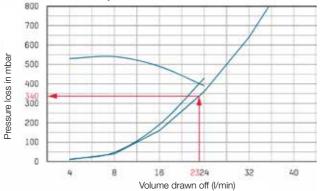
B) Residual head / pressure loss primary



C) Return flow temperatures



D) Pressure loss secondary





## Example for interpretation of the throughput and pressure loss diagrams

## Provided

- Hot water draw-off rate: 23 I/min
- Hot water flow temperature 70°C

## Sought

- Hot water needs in I/h
- Hot water return flow temperature primary in °C
- Pressure loss secondary in mbar
- Pressure loss primary in

## Solution process

- In diagram A) at the interface of the draw-off rate 23l/min and primary flow 70°C, a hot water requirement of 1700l/h is read
- In diagram B) at a hot water requirement of 1700 l/h a primary pressure loss of 550 mbar is read. The pump delivery head is 700 mbar: minus the pressure loss this results in a residual pump delivery head of 170 mbar  $(\Delta p)$ .
- In diagram C) at the stated draw-off rate of 23l/min and the selected flow temperature of 70°C, a primary return flow temperature of 30.5°C is read.
- In diagram D) the secondary pressure loss is read as 340 mbar with the data provided.

# SPECIAL STORAGE TANK FRESH WATER COMBINATION ECO SWIFT-E (EZ)







> FRESH WATER

STATION WITH

HIGH-EFFICIENCY PUMPS

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# FRESH WATER COMBINATION ECO SWIFT-E (EZ)



The ECO SWIFT-E (EZ) – fresh water combination, consisting of a fresh water station and a buffer tank, is used for demand-driven heating of drinking water on a flow-through principle. It is used in existing and new heating systems that are heated by using solid fuel boilers, heat pumps and solar installations.

The ECO SWIFT-E (EZ) - fresh water combination replaces storage tanks for drinking water in an additional tank and offers a high degree of protection from legionella by avoiding stagnant water.

## BENEFITS AT A GLANCE

- NEW High-efficiency system operation through the use of
  - Rapid response sensor through constant water temperature - even with sudden load changes (e.g. when additional hot water is required)
  - Large throughput range of up to 40 litres/min this makes the device suitable for use in single and multi-family households
  - Highly energy-saving through minimum possible energy use and maximum possible temperature
  - Supports temperature stratification in the buffer tank
  - Compact design
  - Electronic controls
  - Optimum protection from calcification

## FRESH WATER STATION - MODE OF OPERATION

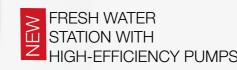
The drinking water in the ECO SWIFT-E (EZ) is heated to the draw-off 
The ECO SWIFT EZ fresh water station is fitted with a cirtemperature using the throughput principle. In this process, the minimum amount of heating water is supplied to the integrated heat exchanger from the buffer tank that is needed to maintain a constant parate programme. The ECO SWIFT-E fresh water station draw-off temperature.

A low return temperature can be expected from the heating water to the buffer tank as a result of the special heat exchanger design. The electronic controls detect and store the consumed heat quantity by acquiring the data on temperature differences and volume flows.



- ECO SWIFT E without circulation
- ECO SWIFT EZ with circulation

culation connection, which includes a pump. This pump is not fitted with a circulation connection



# FRESH WATER COMBINATION ECO SWIFT-E (EZ)

### **BUFFER TANK PZ/PZR**

line, which is suitable for all central hot water heating systems, heaters. The buffer tanks are fitted externally with a stove-enamelled powder coating for optimum protection from corrosion.

- Nominal contents 800 and 1000 litres
- Large surface set of tubes with PZR type
- Operating pressure 3 bar, test pressure 4.5 bar buffer tank Operating pressure max. 10 bar, test pressure 15 bar in
- set of tubes with PZR type 2 sensor channels for variable positioning of the sensors with PZ/PZR type
- External powder coating (colour variations)

### **ECO SKIN 2.0 - INSULATION**

The buffer tank comes from the well-established PZ/PZR product The extremely successful heat insulation ECO SKIN is moving into the second generation: Improved thermal insulation properirrespective of whether these are based on solid fuel or oil-fired ties and optimised fine tuning for handling purposes. We've made boilers, heat pumps, solar systems, gas or electric tankless water something good even better! ECO SKIN 2.0 is innovative insulation for large and buffer tanks that stands out significantly from previously offered soft-foam insulation.

- Stable, shape-retaining polystyrene sheath
- Perfect fit and therefore no chimney loss
- Insulated connection caps for the ports
- Premium cardboard packaging with carry handles
- With ECO SKIN 2.0 insulation you can save up to € 3,100.00 in energy costs over the life time of a 1000-litre tank

## ECO DESIGN - LABELING

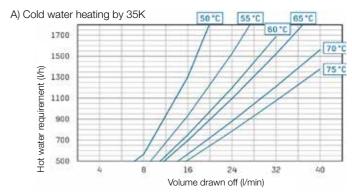
Туре	Con- tent I	Heat loss in in kWh/24h	Zapf Profile	
PZ 800	780	2,59	107,9	3XL
PZR 800	780	2,59	107,9	3XL
PZ 1000	960	3,02	125,8	4XL
PZR 1000	960	3,02	125,8	4XL

## TECHNICAL DETAILS

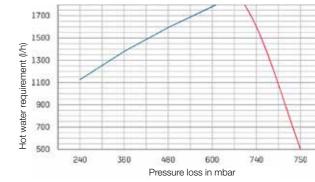
	Con- tent	H with insu-			øD with insu-	Dimensions in mm							Tilt height	Register surface	Register contents
Туре	I	Н	lation:	øD	lation:	Α	В	С	E	F	G	J	mm	m2	I
PZ 800	780	1700	1785	790	990	260	365	630	1030	1430	-	855	1750	-	-
PZR 800	780	1700	1785	790	990	260	365	630	1030	1430	845	855	1750	2.4	15.6
PZ 1000	960	2050	2135	790	990	310	415	745	1250	1710	-	1030	2090	-	-
PZR 1000	960	2050	2135	790	990	310	415	745	1250	1710	1030	1030	2090	3.0	19.2

# PERFORMANCE TABLES ECO SWIFT-E (EZ)

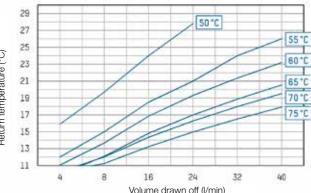
Throughput and pressure loss diagrams Cold water heating by 35K (10...45°C)



## B) Residual head / pressure loss primary



## C) Return flow temperatures



## D) Pressure loss secondary

