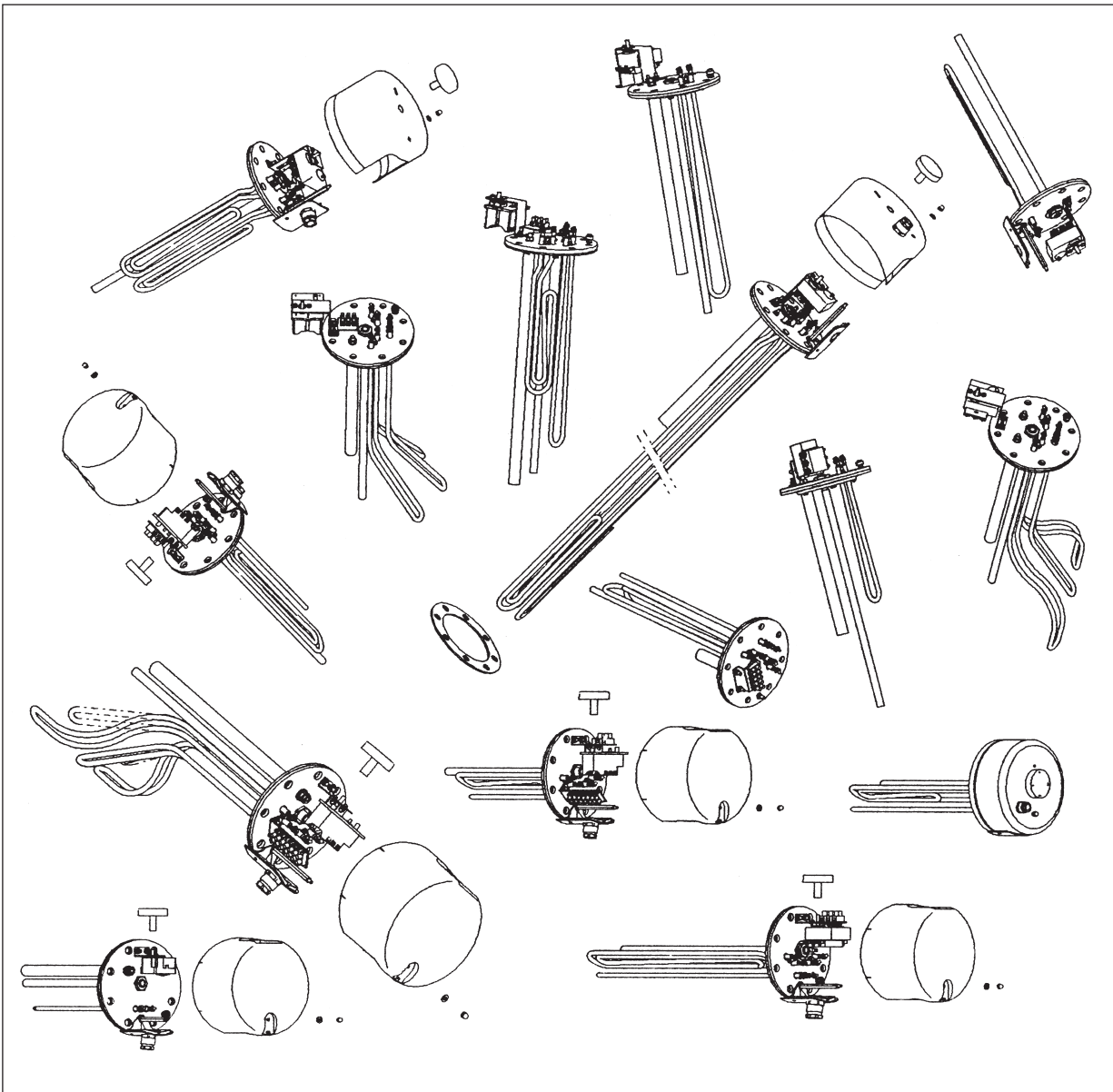


Operating and Mounting Instructions

EBH-KDW

EBH-TDW

Please pass on to the user!



AE
Austria Email

Dear customer!

The built-in electric heaters are manufactured in accordance with the applicable regulations.

The installation and first commissioning must be performed by a licensed plumber and in accordance with these instructions only.

You will find all important information for correct assembly and operation of the built-in heater in this small brochure. Nevertheless, let your concessionary demonstrate to you how to operate the device and explain its function after completed installation.

Of course, our customer service and sales department are readily available to support you in case you need any advice.

Enjoy the use of your built-in electric heater.



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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

General

- This immersion heater can be used by children eight years old and older as well as by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or who lack experience and knowledge if they are supervised or if they have been trained with regard to the safe use of the immersion heater and understand the resulting risks. Children may not play with the immersion heater or its packaging. Cleaning and user maintenance may not be performed by children without supervision.
- The immersion heater may only be installed and operated as described in this manual or the associated technical information. Any other use is not proper and is therefore impermissible.
- A defective immersion heater may not continue to be operated.
- There is a risk of scalding from hot water or hot components (e.g. fittings, hot water outlet pipe, etc.).
- The immersion heater is not suitable for operation in aggressive media (alcohol, glycol, oil, bases, acids, etc.).
- When using an electric immersion heater, proper corrosion protection is to be ensured.
- Only use original accessories or original spare parts from the manufacturer.

Installation and commissioning

- Installation and commissioning may only be performed by qualified specialised personnel who therefore assume the responsibility for the proper assembly according to the applicable laws, standards and guidelines.
- The immersion heater may only be installed in dry, freeze-protected spaces.
- The data specified on the nameplate (immersion heater as well as tank) must be observed.
- Prior to the commissioning of the immersion heater, the heating rods must be completely surrounded by water.

Electrical Connection

- Only qualified specialised personnel may connect the immersion heater to fixed lines while observing the relevant professional standards and laws.
- A ground fault circuit interrupter with a trip current of $I_{\Delta n} \leq 30\text{mA}$ must be installed upstream from the electrical circuit.
- The electrical connection is to be carried out exclusively according to the connection diagram adhered to the inside of the protective cap!
- Before working on the immersion heater, this is to be de-energised, checked for the absence of voltage and secured against being switched on again.
- If a connection cable is damaged, immediately unplug the power plug and call a professional!
- Connection cables may not be extended or cut through in any way.
- **ATTENTION:** The factory wiring must not be altered!

Servicing

- Maintenance, cleaning and any necessary repair or service work may only be performed by specialised personnel who are qualified for this purpose.
- Never try to fix errors and faults yourself.
- Necessary service and maintenance intervals are to be observed in accordance with these operating and assembly instructions.

1. FUNCTION

The electric built-in heaters are service and maintenance-free as the main heating unit for electrically heated hot water tanks. Only in the case of heavily calciferous water it may be necessary to free the heating units from boiler scale in certain intervals.

The desired temperature can be selected by the user on the control toggle. The heating is switched on automatically by the temperature control, during the heating period determined by the relevant ESC, and off again when the desired tank water temperature is reached. If the water temperature drops, e.g. by the withdrawal of water or natural cooling-off, then the device heating switches on again until the pre-selected tank water temperature is reached.

2. ENERGY SAVING

Low tank water temperatures prove to be particularly economical. Therefore, the progressively adjustable temperature should only be selected as high as necessary for the actual hot water demand. This helps to save electricity and reduces furring in the tank.

3. OPERATION AND TEMPERATURE SETTING

The tank water temperature can be set progressively using the temperature selector or by the four indicated main grades in accordance with your hot water demand. This way, an energy-conscious operation of the built-in heater is possible:

As a setting aid, the toggle of the electric heater's temperature control has 4 indicated main stages, namely:

- Position: * frost protection for the tank (up to 30 °C)
- Position: < approx. 40°C, hand warm tank water
- Position: .. approx. 65°C, moderately hot tank water
This position is recommended to rule out unintentional scalding by excessively hot water.
The device operates particularly economically in this setting.
The heat losses are minor and the formation of boiler scale is largely avoided.
Low standby energy consumption.
- Position: ... approx. 75°C, hot storage water, (temperature controller up to 80°C optionally available)

Caution:

Control toggle at left limit stop does not result in an off position or shutdown of the device heating.

The temperature control should not be set higher than the position .. (approx. 65°C) when operated using day current.

Due to the hysteresis of the temperature control ($\pm 7^\circ\text{K}$) and possible radiation losses (cooling-down of the pipelines), the temperature specifications are subject to an accuracy of $\pm 10^\circ\text{K}$.

4. OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

The built-in heating must be used exclusively in accordance with the requirements (operating pressure, heating time, supply voltage, etc.) specified on the rating plate. The power connection must be performed in accordance with the connection diagram affixed to the inside of the protective cap.

In addition to the legally approved national regulations (ÖVE, VDE, ÖNORM or DIN, etc.), the connecting requirements of the local power company and waterworks as well as the Assembly and Operating Instructions must also be complied with. In the case of heavily calciferous water, we recommend the upstream integration of a customary antiliming device.

This built-in heater is particularly suitable for installation in enamelled free-standing tanks as well as double shell units. Due to the special design, however, these units may also be installed in foreign makes with enamelled, plastic-coated or hot-dip galvanised boilers. A combination with CrNi (NIRO) boilers is problematic and therefore not recommended (for necessary measures see section 5.3).

For the purpose of installation in enamelled boilers, our built-in heaters, screw-mounted heating units and built-in finned tube heat exchangers are designed using structurally isolated heating units in conjunction with a guard circuit shunt resistor and are therefore in compliance with the state of the art, particularly with regard to the corrosion protection of enamelled boilers. All heating installations are suitable for pressure-proof operation and the heating up of drinking or heating water up to a maximum operating pressure of 10 bar.

This device is not designed to be used by persons (including children) with physical, sensory or mental disabilities or lacking experience and/or lacking knowledge, unless these are supervised by a person who is responsible for their safety or have received instructions on how to use this device from any such person. Children should be supervised in order to ensure that they do not play with this device.

Built-in heating systems are not suitable for use in aggressive media (alcohol, glycol, oil, etc.)!

Should a device, at the point of delivery, clearly display a malfunction, damage or other defect, this must not be fitted, installed or used in the system. Subsequent complaints regarding devices with an obvious defect which have been connected and installed are expressly excluded under the warranty and guarantee.

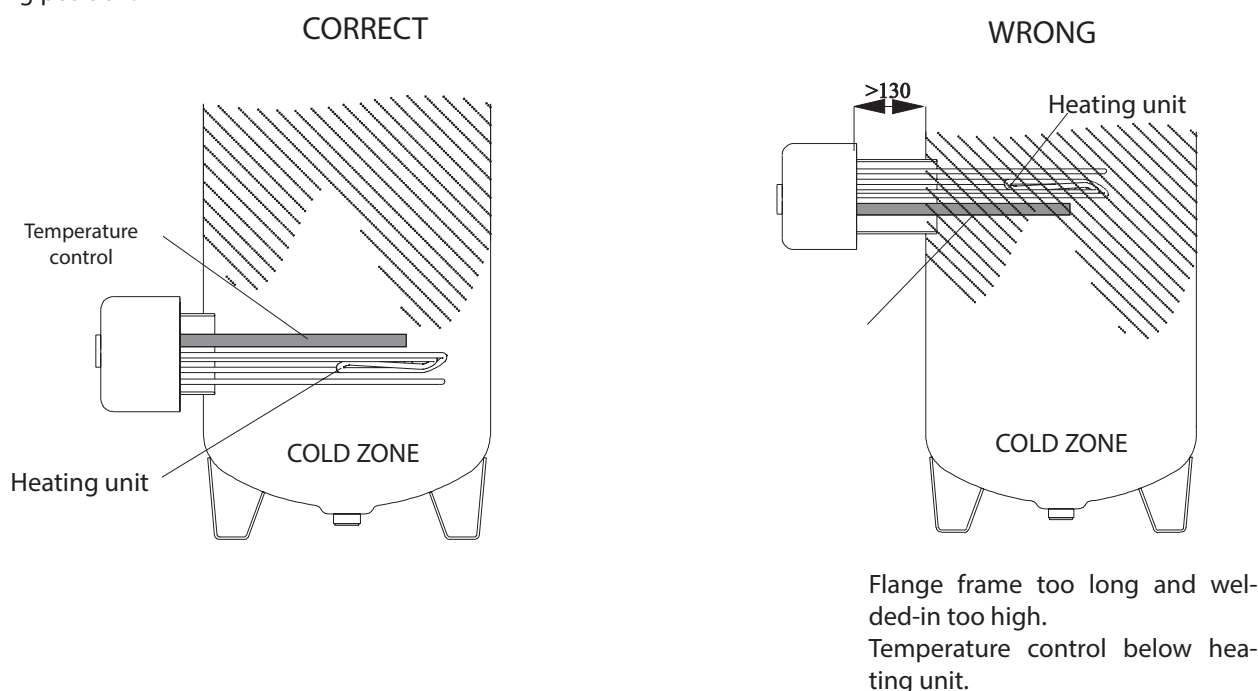
5. INFORMATION FOR ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

5.1 General Information for Installation

The heating unit and the sensor protection tube must be surrounded completely by sufficient water during operation. The thermally-induced flow of water must not be obstructed.

The built-in heater is equipped with a safety temperature limiter, which stops any further heating of the device from a water temperature of max. 110°C (EN 60335 -2-21; ÖVE-EW41, Part 2 (500) / 1971). Therefore, the connecting components (connecting pipes, safety valve combinations, etc.) must be selected in such a way that they resist temperatures of 110°C and any consequential damages are avoided in the event of any malfunction of the temperature control. Assembly and installation must be performed exclusively by licensed craftsmen.

Fitting position:



Flange frame too long and welded-in too high.
Temperature control below heating unit.

The flange must not be longer than max. 130 mm, so that the thermometer and the heating unit still project into the hot water tank sufficiently.

The built-in heating unit must be installed as far down as possible in the boiler, in order to heat up the entire boiler contents equally. Thereby, it is not of importance whether the heating elements reach across the full fitting depth available.

Space must be kept free in front of the boiler flange (fitting length + 100 mm) for assembly, etc.

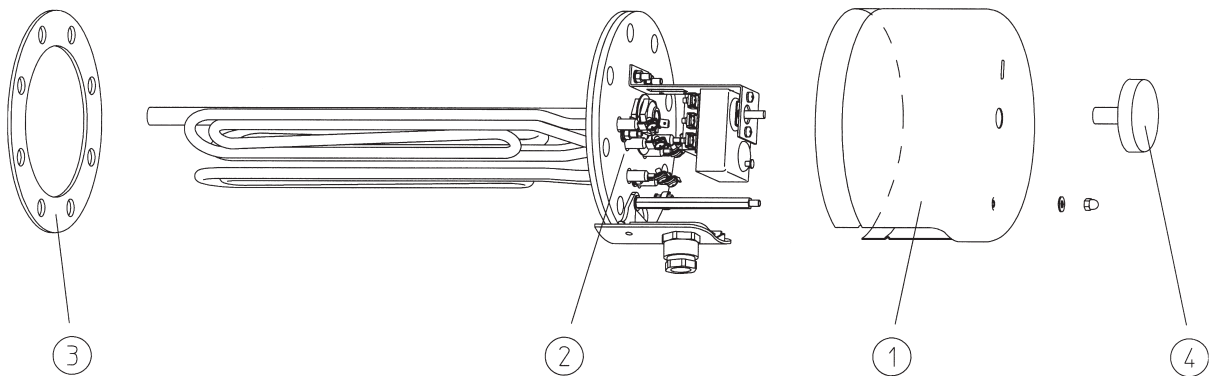
The function is impaired by the formation of boiler scale. Appropriate measures must be taken in the case of heavily calciferous water: e.g. lowering of temperature, installation of a softening system, removal of the boiler scale.

5.2 Assembly of Built-in Heater

In addition to the legally approved regulations, the connecting requirements of the local power company and waterworks must be complied with.

1. Remove cover on tank.
2. Install heating flange "item 2" in boiler using sealing ring "item 3".
The sensor protection tube of the temperature control must be located above the tubular heating unit(s) when installed (see information for installation).
3. Attach the heating flange "item 2" using flange screws M12 (max. turning moment 25 Nm \pm 5).
Tighten the flange screws crosswise.
The screwed connection of the heating unit must be checked and retightened using a turning moment of 2-3 Nm, if necessary.
4. Produce power connection according to the circuit diagram (see section 5.5).
Important – do not forget: connect protective conductor!
5. Mount covering cap "item 1" on tank. Put on enclosed control toggle "item 4", set desired service water temperature.
6. Do not put into operation until the tank is filled with water.

The assembly of the heating installation and the initial start-up must be performed exclusively by an expert, who thereby accepts responsibility for proper implementation and equipping.



5.3 Information on Corrosion Protection

The built-in heater is designed for installation in enamelled tanks. If the heater is installed in foreign makes, then the supplier of the boiler must ensure sufficient corrosion protection. First control of the anode is after approx. 2 years operating time. The protective anodes should be replaced if more than 3/4 of the material have degraded.

The following measure is required in the event of a combination with CrNi (NIRO) tanks or CrNi heat exchangers and installations in plastic-coated tanks:

- a) Disconnect the guard circuit shunt resistor to ensure insulated installation of the heating unit.
- b) Disconnect the anode - ground connection cable for the types with anode.
- c) Replace the brass sensor tube with a stainless steel sensor tube.

5.4 Water Connection of Tank

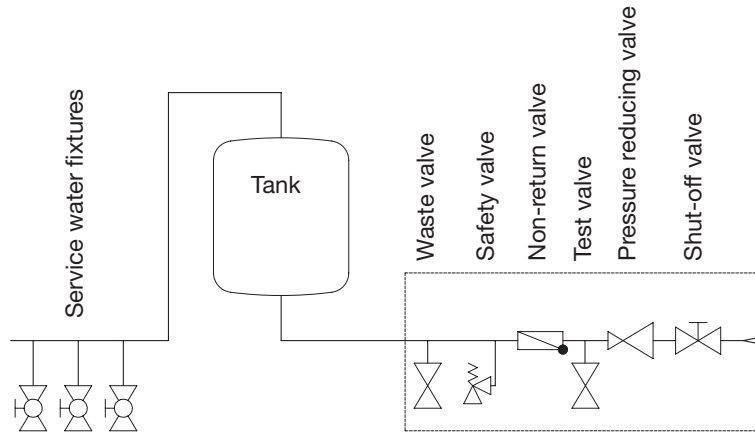
It is imperative that the mounting, connecting and operating instructions of the hot water tank (boiler) are complied with.

Pressure-proof connection:

Any warranty shall be rejected in the case that unsuitable or inoperative tank connector fittings are used as well as in the event of any exceedance of the specified operating pressure.

The plumbing must be performed exclusively using a design certified diaphragm safety valve or a combined diaphragm safety valve connector fitting for pressure-proof storage tanks!

A safety valve combination (see "Tank connection pursuant to DIN 1988") is installed in the cold water supply line (blue) of the tank in the order as drawn.



5.5 Electrical Connection

The connection with the power grid must be implemented in conformity with the applicable national regulations and standards, the relevant connecting requirements of the local power company and waterworks, as well as the standards of the Mounting and Operating Instructions, and must be performed exclusively by a licensed electrician. The stipulated protective measures must be executed carefully, so that no other power-supplied devices are affected thereby in the event of a malfunction or failure of the hot water tank's power supply (e.g. freezer, rooms used for medical purposes, units for intensive care, etc.).

In rooms with bathtubs or showers, the device must be installed in accordance with the national laws and regulations (e.g. of ÖVE-SEV, VDE or DIN VDE 0100-701).

The technical connecting requirements (TAB) of the relevant energy supply company must absolutely be observed.

A residual current circuit breaker with a tripping current $I_{\Delta N} \leq 30\text{mA}$ must be connected in series before the electric circuit.

The device must only be connected with permanently laid lines.

These types of water heaters are to be supplied exclusively via a hard-wired connection cable and are therefore not suitable for connection via a shock-proof plug (SKI). Accidental activation of the upstream RCD is to be avoided in this way.

An all-pole disconnecting unit with at least 3mm contact clearance must be connected in series before the device. This requirement is fulfilled e.g. by an automatic cutout.

It is imperative that the hot water tank is filled with water prior to electrical start-up.

In accordance with the safety regulations, the hot water tank must be switched powerless, secured against being switched on again and checked for powerlessness prior to any intervention. Interventions to the electrics of the device must only be performed by a licensed electrician.

As a rule, the electrical connection must be performed in accordance with the circuit diagram affixed inside the connecting area of the tank!

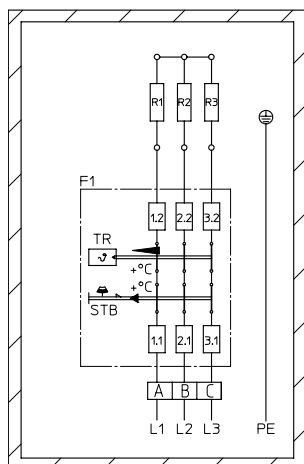
5.6 Circuit Diagrams

EBH-KDW1 4,0kW
 EBH-TDW1 4,0 kW
 Heating elements
 3 x 1,35 kW / 230 V
 3 x 40 Ohm

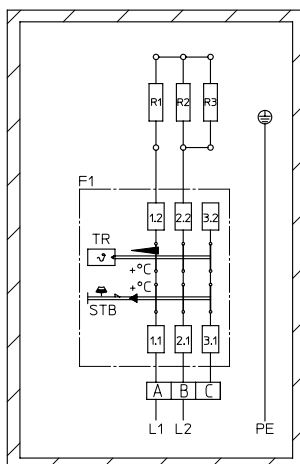
200 litres
 4 hrs. / 4,0 kW
 6 hrs. / 2,7 kW
 8 hrs. / 2,0 kW

Circuit in factory configuration
 4,0 kW / 3~400V

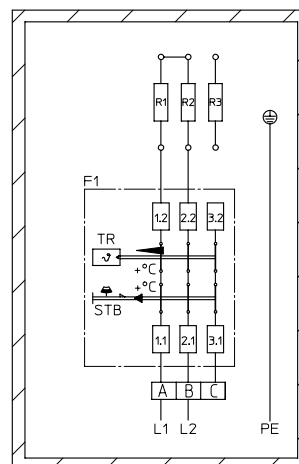
4kW / 3 ~ 400V



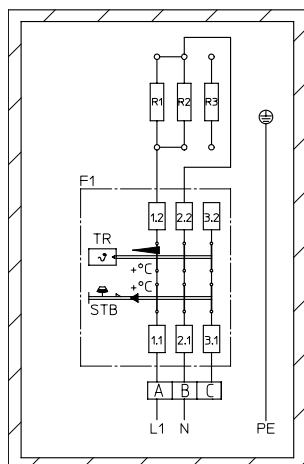
2.7kW / 2~ 400V



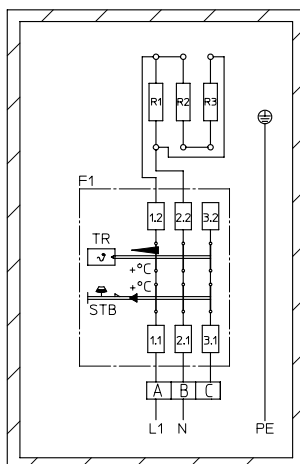
2kW / 2 ~ 400V



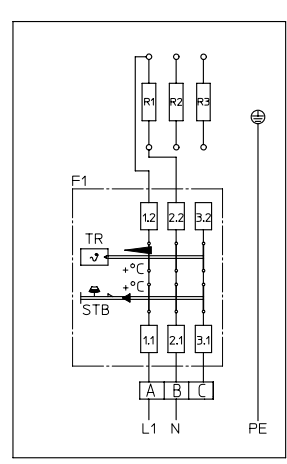
2.7kW / ~230V



2kW / ~230V



1.35kW / ~230V

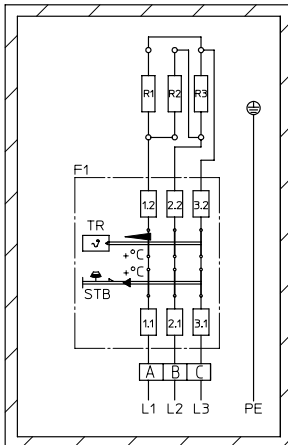


EBH-KDW1 6,0kW
 EBH-TDW1 6,0 kW
 Heating elements
 3 x 2,0 kW / 400 V
 3 x 80 Ohm

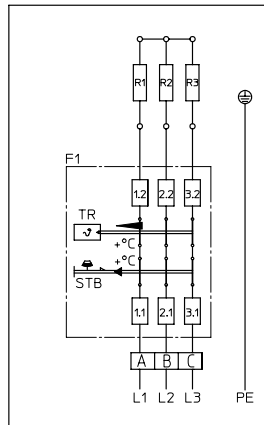
300 litres
 4 hrs. / 6,0 kW
 6 hrs. / 4,0 kW
 8 hrs. / 3,0 kW

Circuit in factory configuration
 6,0 kW / 3~400V

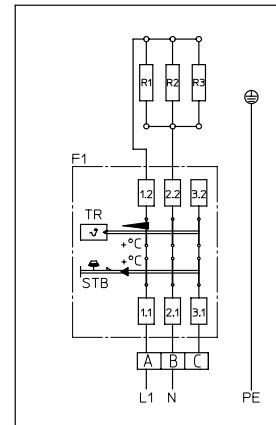
6kW / 3 ~ 400V



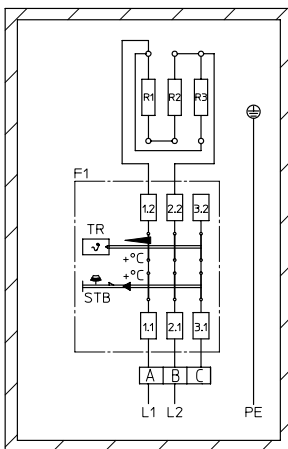
2kW / 3 ~ 400V



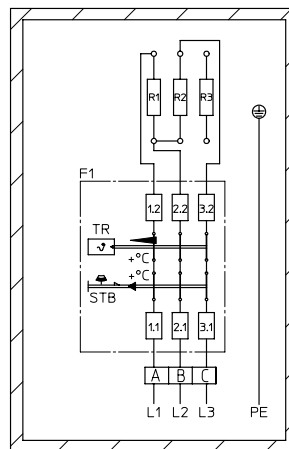
2kW / ~230V



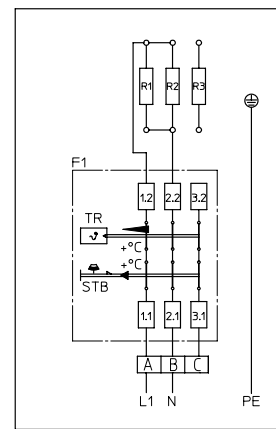
3kW / 2 ~ 400V



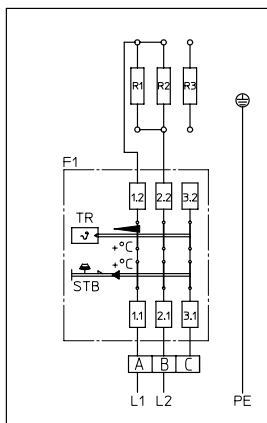
4kW / 3 ~ 400V



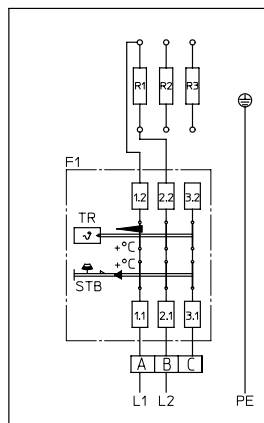
1.5kW / ~230V



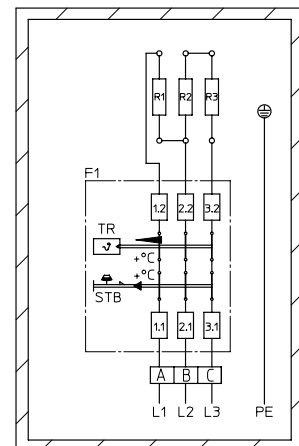
4kW / 2 ~ 400V



2kW / 2 ~ 400V



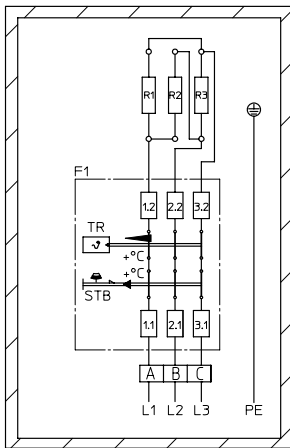
3kW / 3 ~ 400V



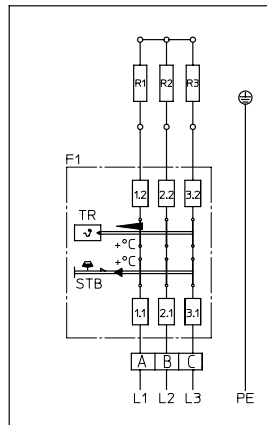
EBH-KDW1 8,0kW
 EBH-TDW1 8,0 kW
 Heating elements
 3 x 2,7 kW / 400 V
 3 x 60 Ohm
 Circuit in factory configuration
 8,0 kW / 3~400V

400 litres
 4 hrs. / 8,0 kW
 6 hrs. / 5,0 kW
 8 hrs. / 4,0 kW

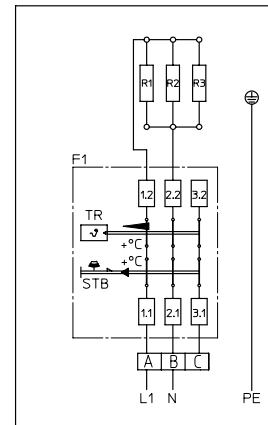
8.0kW / 3 ~ 400V



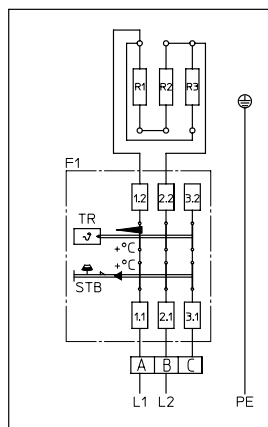
2.6kW / 3 ~ 400V



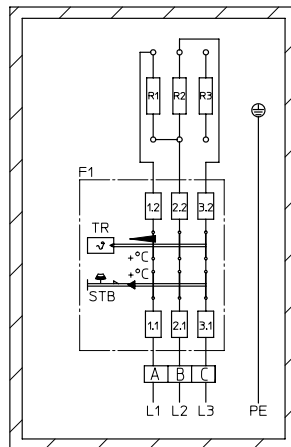
2.6kW / ~230V



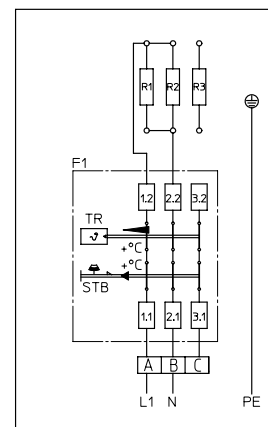
4.0kW / 2 ~ 400V



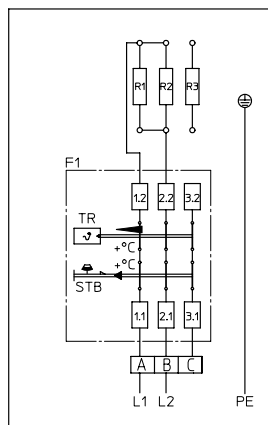
5.0kW / 3 ~ 400V



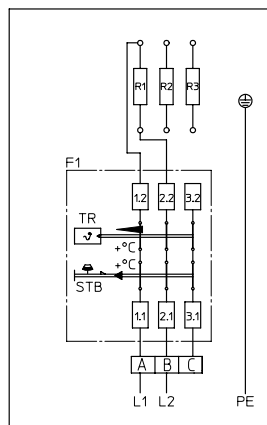
1.8kW / ~230V



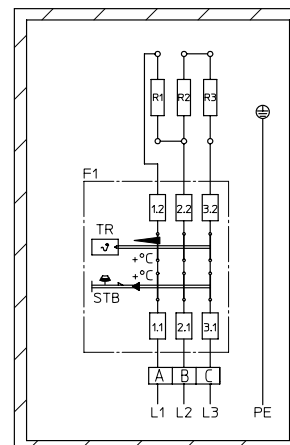
5.0kW / 2 ~ 400V



2.6kW / 2 ~ 400V



4.0kW / 3 ~ 400V

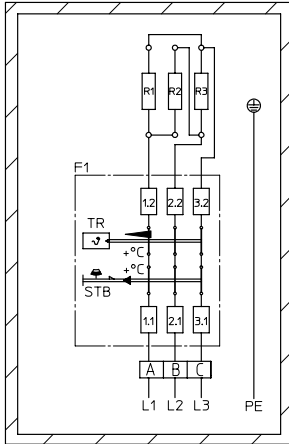


EBH-KDW1 10,0kW
 EBH-TDW1 10,0 kW
 Heating elements
 3 x 3,3 kW / 400 V
 3 x 48 Ohm

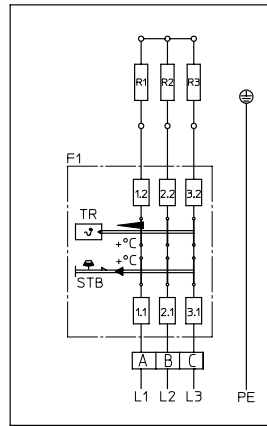
500 litres
 4 hrs. / 10,0 kW
 6 hrs. / 6,5 kW
 8 hrs. / 5,0 kW

Circuit in factory configuration
 10,0 kW / 3~400V

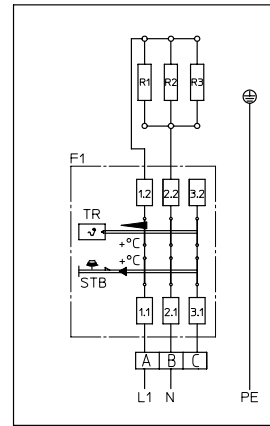
10.0kW / 3 ~ 400V



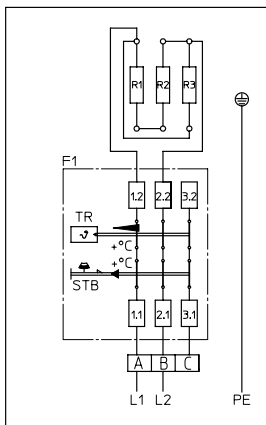
3.3kW / 3 ~ 400V



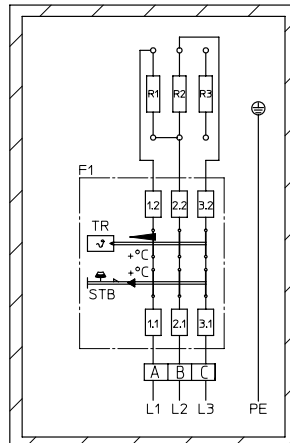
3.3kW / ~230V



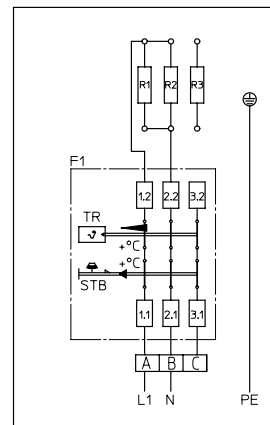
5.0kW / 2 ~ 400V



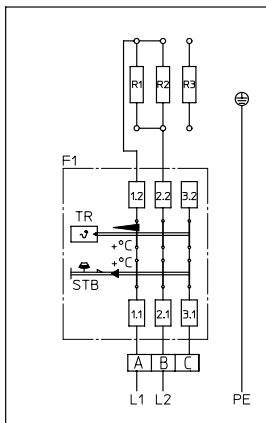
6.5kW / 3 ~ 400V



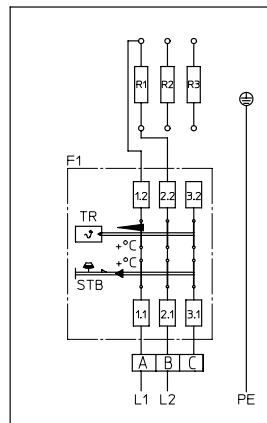
2.2kW / ~230V



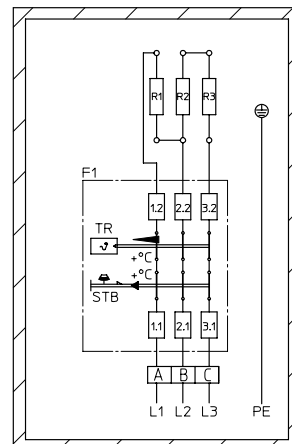
6.5kW / 2 ~ 400V



3.3kW / 2 ~ 400V



5.0kW / 3 ~ 400V



5.7 First Commissioning

The tank must be filled with water before switching on the electricity.

The expansion water created in the internal boiler during the heating process must drip from the safety valve in the case of a pressure-proof connection, and from the overflow mixing tap in the case of an unpressurised connection.

The entire initial heating process is to be monitored, from cold water to reaching the set temperature. This will allow possible defective connections to the electric immersion heater to be detected immediately and other damages resulting from this can be avoided in time!

Caution: the hot water drain pipe as well as parts of the safety fitting may become hot.

The preset temperature, the actual temperature of the water withdrawn and the hot water quantity display should correspond approximately after completion of the heating process.

6. INSPECTION, MAINTENANCE, SERVICE

The boiler scale as well as the furring that forms in the internal boiler of the storage tank in the case of heavily calciferous water must be removed by an expert after one to two years of operation. The cleaning is performed through the flange opening – de-install the built-in heater, clean the storage tank, use a new seal when mounting the heating flange.

The internal tank of the water heater with special enamelling must not get in contact with boiler scale solvents – do not use an antiliming pump.

Finally, the device must be rinsed thoroughly and the heating process be observed in the same way as during the first commissioning.

In order to be entitled to any claims for warranty, as provided, the installed reactive anode requires documented inspection by an expert in intervals of maximum 2 years of operation.

The impressed current anode has a virtually unlimited service life. Its function must be regularly monitored via the control lights (green, yellow, red).

Warning: If the red LED is lit, no corrosion protection is active! Corrosion protection is only guaranteed if the green LED lights up continuously.

Should the red or yellow LED light up or flash, please inform Customer Services immediately.

A conductivity value of the medium of $\geq 150 \mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ is necessary for proper functioning of the external current anode.

The guard circuit shunt resistor must not be damaged or removed during maintenance works.

Do not use any abrasive cleaning agents and paint thinners (such as nitro, trichlor etc.) to clean the device.

The best cleaning method is to use a damp cloth added with a few drops of a liquid household cleaner.

During servicing works, it is advisable to open the cleaning and servicing flange in order to inspect the tank for any foreign objects that may have been washed in as well as any contamination, and to remove any such, if applicable.

7. MALFUNCTIONS

If the tank water is not heated, please check whether the line circuit breaker (automatic safety cutout) or the safety fuse in the distribution box have reacted, and check the setting of the temperature control.

In all other cases, do not attempt to rectify the fault yourself. Please contact either a licensed plumber or our customer service. In many cases, experts only need to do a few little jobs and the storage tank works again. During notification, please quote your model designation and manufacturing number, which you can find on the rating plate of your built-in heater.

RECYCLING AND DISPOSAL

- Always dispose of materials according to environmental, recycling and waste management standards.
- All appliances, wearing parts, defective components and environmentally hazardous liquids and oils must be disposed of or recycled according to applicable waste disposal regulations without harming the environment. They must not be disposed of as household waste.
- Dispose of packaging made of cardboard, recyclable plastics and synthetic filler materials in an environmentally responsible manner through appropriate recycling systems or at a recycling centre.
- Please observe the applicable national and local regulations.

WARRANTY, GUARANTEE AND PRODUCT LIABILITY

Warranty is made according to the legal provisions of the Republic of Austria and the EU.

1. The prerequisite for honoring of warranty terms on the part of the manufacturer (hereinafter referred to as Manufacturer) is presentation of a paid invoice for the purchase of the appliance in question, whereby the identity of the appliance including model and fabrication number must be indicated on the invoice and presented by the claim applicant. The General Terms and Conditions, Terms and Conditions of Sale and Delivery of the manufacturer shall apply exclusively.
2. The assembly, installation, wiring and startup of the appliance in question must, to the extent that this is prescribed legally or in the installation and operation guide, have been performed by an authorized electrical technician or installer who has followed all the required regulations. The hot water tank (excluding outer jacket or plastic cover) must be protected from exposure to direct sunlight to prevent discoloration of the polyurethane foam and possible cracking of plastic parts.
3. The area in which the appliance is operated must be kept from freezing. The unit must be installed in a location where it can be easily accessed for maintenance, repair and possible replacement. The costs for any necessary changes to the structural conditions (e.g. doors and passages too narrow) are not governed by the guarantee and warranty declaration and therefore shall be rejected on the side of manufacturer. When erecting, installing and operating the water heater in unusual locations (e.g. attics, interior rooms with water-sensitive floors, closets, etc.), provision must be made for possible water leakage and means provided for catching the water with a corresponding drain to avoid secondary damage in the context of product liability.
4. Warranty claims will not be honored for:
inappropriate transport, normal wear and tear, intentional or negligent damage, use of force of any kind or description, mechanical damage or damage caused by frost or also by exceeding the operating pressure stated on the rating plate, even if only once, use of connection fittings that do not comply with the standard, use of defective tank connection fittings and unsuitable and defective service fittings. Breaking of glass and plastic components, possible colour differences, damage due to improper use, in particular non-observance of the mounting and operating instructions (Operating and Mounting Instructions), damage by external influence, connecting to incorrect voltage, corrosion damage as a consequence of aggressive waters (water not suitable for drinking) in accordance with the national regulations (e.g. Austrian ordinance on drinking water, TWV – Fed. Law Gazette II No. 304/2001), deviations between the actual drinking water temperature at the tank fitting and the specified hot water temperature of up to 10K (hysteresis of the controller and possible cooling due to pipelines), Continued use, despite the occurrence of a defect, unauthorised modifications to the device, installation of additional components that were not tested together with the device, improperly carried out repairs, Insufficient water conductivity (min. 150 µs/cm) operational wear of the magnesium anode (wearing part), natural formation of boiler scale, lack of water, fire, flood, lightning, overvoltage, power failure or other types of force majeure. Use of non-original and company-external components such as e.g. heating elements, reactive anode, thermostat, thermometer, ribbed tube heat exchanger, etc., Parts installed in an uninsulated condition with respect to the storage tank, ingress of foreign particles or electrochemical influences (e.g. mixed installations), failure to observe the design documents, unpunctual and undocumented renewal of the installed protective anode, no or improper cleaning and operation, as well as any deviations from the standard that reduce the value or functionality of the device only slightly. Furthermore, the original installation at the place of assembly may not be altered, altered or rebuilt before the inspection by the manufacturer or a commissioned expert. Any changes to the original mounting situation on site will lead to the immediate exclusion of all possible claims from warranty, warranty and product liability. Fundamental compliance with all regulations in ÖNORM B 2531, DIN 1988 (EN 806), DIN 1717, VDI 2035 or the corresponding national regulations and laws must be ensured.
5. A justified claim must be reported to the closest customer service location of the manufacturer. The latter reserves the right to replace or repair a defective part or to decide whether a defective appliance shall be replaced with a working one of equal value. The manufacturer furthermore expressly reserves the right to require that the purchaser return the appliance in question. The date of repair or replacement shall be determined by the manufacturer within 5 days!
6. Repairs made under warranty are to be performed only by persons authorized by the manufacturer. Replaced parts become the property of the manufacturer. If any repairs to the water heater become necessary as part of necessary service work, these are charged at the cost of repair and prorated material cost.
7. Any work performed without our express order, even this is done by an authorized installer, will void the warranty. Assumption of the costs for repairs performed by third parties presumes that the manufacturer was requested to eliminate the defect and did not or did not in timely fashion meet his obligation for replacement or repair.
8. The warranty period will not be renewed or extended as a result of a guarantee and warranty claim, service or maintenance work.
9. Transport damage will only be inspected and if appropriate recognized if it has been reported in writing to the manufacturer no later than the weekday following delivery.
10. Claims exceeding the terms of the warranty, in particular those for damage and consequential damages, are precluded insofar as these are legally permissible. Pro rata work times for repairs as well as the costs for restoring the equipment to its original condition must be paid in full by the purchaser. The guarantee provided extends according to this guarantee declaration only to the repair or replacement of the appliance. The provisions of the Terms of Sales and Delivery of the manufacturer remain, insofar as they are not altered by these guarantee conditions, fully in effect.

11. There is a charge for services provided outside of the context of these guarantee conditions.
12. In order for a warranty claim to be honored by the manufacturer, the appliance must be paid for in full to the manufacturer and the claimant must have met all his obligations to his vendor in full.
13. The enamelled internal boiler for water heaters is warranted for the specified period from the delivery date provided all warranty terms described under Points 1 to 12 are observed with in full. If the warranty terms have not been met, the legal warranty requirements of the respective country from which the appliance was shipped shall prevail.
14. Claim satisfaction according to prevailing Austrian Product Liability Law:
Claims for compensation under the title of product liability are only justified if all prescribed measures and necessities for fault-free and approved operation of the appliance have been met. This includes among other things the prescribed and documented anode replacement, connection to proper operating voltage, prevention of damage due to improper use, etc. From these conditions it can be concluded that if all requirements are met (norms, installation and operation guide, general guidelines, etc.), the device or product fault resulting in the secondary damages would not have occurred. Furthermore it is mandatory that for processing of the claim the necessary documentation such as the part number and manufacturing number of the water heater, the seller's invoice and that of the executing license holder as well as a description of the malfunction for a laboratory study of the appliance in question (absolutely required, since a specialist will study the appliance and analyze the cause of failure) be provided. Furthermore, the original installation at the place of assembly may not be changed, converted or dismantled before being inspected by the manufacturer or an appointed expert.
Any change to the original assembly situation on-site will lead to the immediate exclusion of any claims arising from the warranty, guarantee or product liability.
To prevent misidentification of the water heater during transport, it must be marked with a highly visible and legible marking (preferably including address and signature of the end customer). Corresponding pictorial documentation indicating the extent of the damage, the installation (cold water line, hot water outlet, heating outgoing and return, safety fixtures, expansion tank if present) as well as the defect location on the water heater is also required. Furthermore the manufacturer reserves the express right to require that the purchaser provide all the documents and equipment and equipment parts necessary for clarification. The prerequisite for performing services under the title of product liability is that it is the claimant's obligation to prove that the damage was caused by the manufacturer's product. Damage compensation according to the Austrian Product Liability Law is subject to a 500 Euro deductible. Until the entire matter is clarified and the circumstances as well as determination of the causal factors are established, the manufacturer is held faultless. Non-observance of the operating and installation guide and/or the relevant norms is considered negligent and will result in a liability disclaimer within the scope of compensation for damages.

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